

BE-SURVID

Strengthening Surveillance of Infectious Diseases in Belgium

Heleen Masset & Amber Van Laer Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases

Project description

Project partners, internal	 Service of Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases (EID) Service of Healthdata.be (HD) Service of Health Services Research (HSR)
Project partners, external	 Regional Health Authorities (DZ, AViQ, Vivalis, OstBelgien) Federal Health Authorities RIZIV-INAMI HaDEA, ECDC, WHO General Practitioners (GPs), National Reference Centres (NRCs) for human microbiology, Clinical Labs (CLs), and Hospitals (HOSP)
Funding source	European Union (EU4Health Programme)
Duration	01/01/2025 - 31/12/2029
Budget	8,8M EUR (60% European contribution and 40% Member State contribution)



Objectives



Digitalized Surveillance

At GPs, CLs, and HOSP level by system to system data transfer and secondary use of electronic health records.



Integrated Surveillance

By linkage of surveillance data with other relevant data sources (clinical/epidemiological metadata, Socio-demographic data, Health insurance data, vaccination, ...).



Signal Detection

Develop automated signal detection system and modelling activities.



Data Governance Strategy

Will be developed for Infectious Diseases Surveillance in Belgium while looking at the various GDPR elements like the Belgian Health Data Authority and European Health Data Space.

Methods

Overview WPs

WP1: Coordination, Communication, and Dissemination

WP2: Digitalised surveillance

WP3: Integrated surveillance

WP4: Signal

Detection & Modelling

WP5: Data Governance

WP6: Sustainability and

Evaluation

Legend



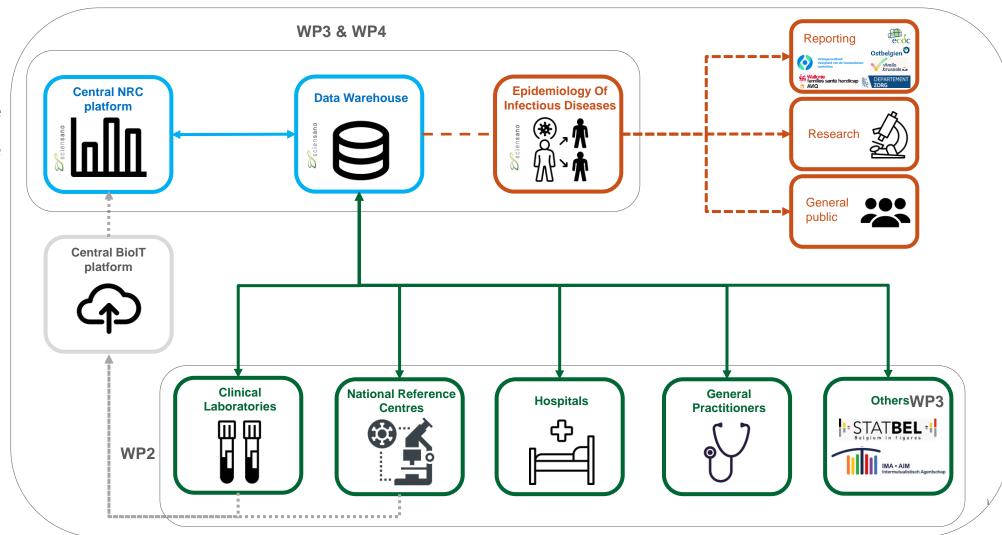
Data processors

Data providers

Out of scope



WP1, WP5 & WP6



Challenges



Health Crises impacting priorities

e.g. COVID-19



Limited participation from Data Providers

e.g. GPs, CLs, NRCs



Lack of Legal Framework for Data Linkage



Sustainability challenges

e.g. Long-term/structural funding needed



Loss of Key Personnel



Inefficient Data Transfer

e.g. GDPR, National Regulations



Compliance & Security Risks



Limited Data Availability for Modeling





Outcomes & Impact

These improved surveillance systems will contribute to the early detection, investigation, and communication of cross-border threats arising from infectious diseases with a timely and effective coordinated response. The modelling activities will also lead to a better understanding of the impact of infectious diseases and contribute to improving the EU-wide surveillance of communicable diseases.



Implementation of electronic data collections at GP, CL and HOSP level to improve surveillance, enhancing integration of relevant data sources, building towards sustainable surveillance, taking up the technical and legal challenges.



Newly developed electronic data collections and linkage build towards sustainable integrated surveillance infrastructure, identify innovative strategies to improve surveillance

Long-term

Implementation of a robust surveillance system integrating different sources of electronic health data and digital registers, significant improvement of Belgian public health preparedness





Knowledge translation



Inform

Keep stakeholders up-to-date with regular updates



Promote

Raise awareness and showcase project outcomes



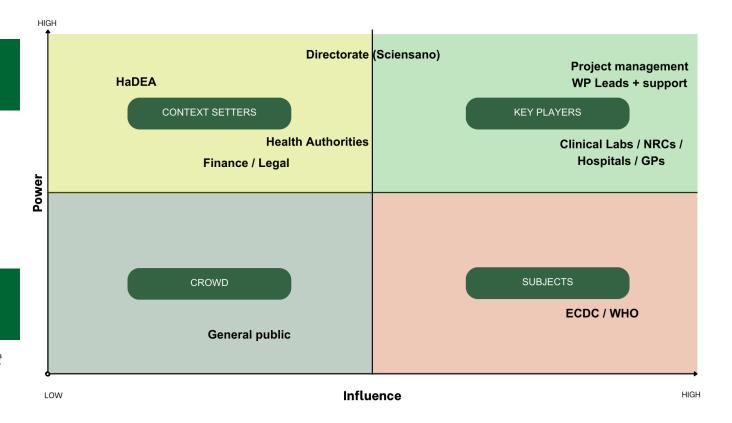
Engage

Foster active participation and feedback from all parties



Collaborate

Facilitate clear and transparent communication accross partners







The digitalization of infectious disease surveillance is not just a technological advancement but a transformative opportunity to improve public health outcomes, respond faster to emerging threats.

Heleen Masset, heleen.masset@sciensano.be Amber Van Laer, amber.vanlaer@sciensano.be

In collaboration with Sciensano services:

Epidemiology of Infectious Diseases, Healthdata.be, Health Service Research



The project BE-SURVID is granted under the EU4Health Programme (action EU4H-2023-DGA-MS-IBA-01) with the Grant Agreement no. 101183131. Funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or HaDEA. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.

















